SAFETY DATA SHEET

No-Tox HD Food Grade Grease 1



Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: No-Tox HD Food Grade Grease 1
Product code	: 301569150002
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Not available.	
Uses advised against	Reason
None known.	

Company name Address	Calumet Branded Products, LLC 2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Dr., Suite 200 Indianapolis, IN 46214 USA
	Technical Services 317-328-5660
	24 hr CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300/ International 1-703-527-3887
Importer	Statewide Bearings 67 Kewdale Rd, Kewdale WA 6105 PO Box 205, WELSHPOOL DC WA 6986 Technical Services (During Normal Business Hours): (08) 9248 2381 24 hr. CHEMTREC Australia: +(61)-290372994

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 38.5%
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 39.5%
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 41.5%
		Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 26%
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	No signal word.
Hazard statements	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	1	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	1	Collect spillage.
Storage	1	Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not		None known.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
White mineral oil (petroleum)	≥75 - ≤90	8042-47-5
(benzoato-O,O')hydroxy(octadecanoato-O,O')aluminium	≥10 - ≤30	54326-11-3
Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	≤10	9002-84-0
zinc oxide	≤3	1314-13-2
thiodiethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate]	≤3	41484-35-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	ects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	

Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential acute nealth effects	

Section 4. First aid measures

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>ptoms</u>
: No specific data.
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
 dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Hazchem code	: •3Z

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
		and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
		pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful
		to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
(benzoato-O,O')hydroxy(octadecanoato-O,O')aluminium	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours.
Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	PEAK: 2.4 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

Control parameters

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

zinc oxide			Safe Work Australia (Australia, 4/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dust STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume	
thiodiethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate]		utyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate]	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2019). PEAK: 4 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction	
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be s contaminants.	ufficient to control worker exposure to airborne	
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measure	<u>ures</u>			
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/14/2020	Version : 2 5/11
Boiling point	: Not available.	
Melting point	: Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
Odour	: Not available.	
Colour	: Not available.	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid. Paste.]	
Appearance		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-	
Flash point	: Open cup: >93°C (>199.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.89
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use. See "Possibility of Hazardous Reactions" for further information.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.	
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.	
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	>5 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	4 hours - -
thiodiethylene bis[3-(3,5-di- tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl) propionate]	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>3.5 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>3000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg 24 hours 500 mg	

Sensitisation

1

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/14/2020

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Information on likely routes : Not available

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result		
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Short term exposure Potential immediate	:	Not available.
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Long term exposure	1	
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Data of icous (Data of revision	. 10	(44/0000

Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
White mineral oil (petroleum)	-	-	Inherent

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high
zinc oxide	-	28960	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide, Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide, Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide, Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (zinc oxide, Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	111	III	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
ADG ADR/RID IMDG	in either ar as a dange packagings <u>Hazchem</u> <u>Special pr</u> This produ or ≤5 kg, p and 4.1.1.4 <u>Hazard ide</u> <u>Limited qu</u> <u>Special pr</u> This produ or ≤5 kg, p and 4.1.1.4 <u>Emergenc</u>	ovisions 274, 331, 335, ct is not regulated as a d rovided the packagings n to 4.1.1.8. entification number 90 <u>antity</u> 5 L ovisions 274, 335, 601, ct is not regulated as a d rovided the packagings n to 4.1.1.8. cy schedules F-A, S-F	er types if ≤500 kg. This rted in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 sions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 a 375, AU01 angerous good when traineet the general provisio 375 angerous good when train	product is not regulated 5 kg, provided the nd 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. nsported in sizes of \leq 5 L ns of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2
ΙΑΤΑ	: This produ or ≤5 kg, p 5.0.2.6.1.1 <u>Quantity li</u> 964. Carg Passenger	ovisions 274, 335, 969 ct is not regulated as a d rovided the packagings n and 5.0.2.8. imitation Passenger and o Aircraft Only: 450 L. Pa Aircraft: 30 kg. Packagir ovisions A97, A158, A19	neet the general provisio I Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. P Ickaging instructions: 964 ng instructions: Y964.	ns of 5.0.2.4.1, ackaging instructions:
Special precautions	upright and	within user's premises d secure. Ensure that per of an accident or spillage.	sons transporting the pro	
Transport in bulk ac to Annex II of Marpo the IBC Code		ble.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/14/2020
Version	: 2
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Any other relevant information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.